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Test the performance of our sorters with your own

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In all other countries we boast decades-long partnerships with agents with a long and proven track record in SGM products and

We are available to provide you with all the information you need about our products, for assistance or to plan and design the right solutions for the specific needs of your production process.

> The BEST SOLUTION is often a combination of BEST TECHNOLOGIES



**SGM Magnetics Corporation** 6441 19th Street E. Building E. Sarasota, FL 34243

**CONTACT US** Tel. +1 941 342-8800 info@sgmmagnets.com

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# THE TECHNOLOGY: LIBS

**Laser Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy** 

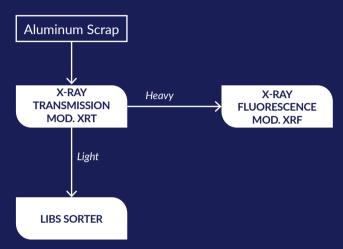


Laser-Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy (LIBS) is an Although LIBS can do what XRT and XRF do, those a microplasma, whose emitted light characterizes the solution. chemical composition of the metal in its different elements and is analysed by sensors performing a few milliseconds breakdown spectroscopy.

LIBS is a complementary technology to X-ray transmission, which does not perform any chemical breakdown analysis but sorts metals and metal alloys based on their different densities.

LIBS is also a complementary technology to X-ray fluorescence, which also performs a chemical breakdown analysis but presents limitations in performance on light metals like Magnesium and Aluminium alloys because of the low energy of the light they emit under the XRF source.

advanced laser technology used for the analysis and technologies are complementary to LIBS because the identification of metal pieces in their different chemical capital cost of a LIBS sorter on a per-ton-per-hour capacity compositions and alloys. A LIBS sorter fires a high-energy is quite higher than that of XRT and XRF sorters, making the laser pulse onto the material's surface. The pulse creates cascade of those different technologies a more convenient



# THE ADVANTAGES OF THE SGM-CLEANSORT LIBS SORTING TECHNOLOGY

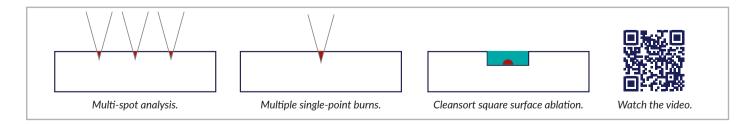
#### The game changer

surface of the piece to be cleaned of contaminants such as

The game-changing advantage of the SGM Cleansort LIBS sorter lies in its material cleaning process, which consists of its proprietary laser square surface ablation process. contaminants before analysis, enabling the generation of composition.

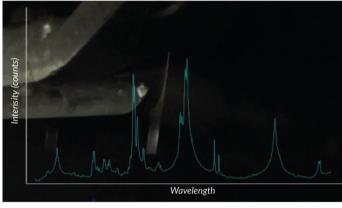
Alternative solutions consist in either performing multiple LIBS is a surface analysis technology which requires the laser burning spots along each piece (multi-spot analysis) or performing repeated burnings on the same spot (multiple paint, dirt and oxidation to be able to perform an accurate single-point burns) to gradually remove surface contaminants. In the first case, you hope to find at least one sufficiently clean spot, and in the second, you generate an accumulation of burning residue around the edge of the cone spot, which can interfere with the spectroscopy reading.

This advanced cleaning method ensures thorough surface Those two alternatives are not suitable nor well performing preparation for every single piece by removing surface as material surface cleaning solutions, especially when considering contaminants like paintings that can be 70 spectra that accurately reflects the material's chemical to 120 microns thick, as with aluminium bodies in the automotive industry.



# ■ True quantitative analysis vs qualitative analysis on predefined criteria (e.g., max Si, max Mg), determining

A superior material surface cleaning process makes possible the production of high-definition spectra which shows accurate breakdowns of the chemical composition of every single piece and allows for doing a quantitative analysis of the material. Low-definition spectra that does not provide detailed chemical breakdowns of the material composition only allows for qualitative analysis where sorting is based



High definition spectra (SGM Cleansort LIBS).

#### Dynamic data computing process

A qualitative analysis only allows for a Yes/No static sorting decision on an **individual piece basis**. A quantitative analysis allows for taking advantage of the chemical composition of all the pieces processed before, while running a proprietary melt analysis of the complete batch. dynamic computing data process where the sorting decision is based on whether or not the average of the chemical composition of all these pieces fall within the threshold.

%	Max/ wt%	ELEM.	Piece 1	Piece 2	Piece 3	Piece 4	Piece 5	Piece 6	Ø Piece 1-5
Ţ,	0.8	Mg	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.6	1.2	0.6	0.64
	0.8	Si	0.4	1.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	10	0.56
	0.15	Mn	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.2	0.152	0.1	0.14
	0.15	Cu	0.05	0.05	0.1	0.05	0.05	1	0.06

Target alloy limits

ELEM. Min/wt%

0.3

0.3

0.0

0.0

Mg

Mn

Cu

LIBS analysis wt%

With static sorting, only Piece 1 is accepted because each piece must meet all limits individually. Instead, dynamic sorting accepts all 5 pieces, since their average stays within the target alloy limits. This approach maximizes yield while ensuring compliance.

# Versatile material analysis

The wide measurement spectrum of the SGM Cleansort LIBS sorter allows to easily switch between different materials. With a simple approval and calibration process, the sorter can pass from sorting non-ferrous metals to steel.

# Modular solution and high capacity

The SGM Cleansort LIBS sorter is designed as a modular solution, allowing different laser ablation and reading modules to be mounted on the same frame. Configurations range from 3 to 6 modules, with a conveyor belt width of 720mm | 28" up to 1440mm | 56" enabling throughput capacities between 5.5 and 11 tons per hour for aluminum scrap in the 30 to 120 mm | 11/4"-4" size range considering an average weight per piece of 34 grams (0,075 lb).

whether each individual piece meets those thresholds.

value of their aluminum scrap.

Low definition spectra (Others).

Running quantitative analysis results in disposing of

quantitative information of both the eject and drop streams

of the material which enables customers to make more

informed decisions and optimize production, quality, and

Making sorting decisions based on a dynamic computing

data process results in higher recoveries, which can be up to

1.5-2 times what can be achieved with static sorting, as, in

the end, what matters is not the single-piece sorting but the

This scalable design allows for an initial investment in a sorter with fewer modules, with the option to increase capacity over time by adding additional modules to the existing sorter frame.

# STATIC AND DYNAMIC SORTING

The SGM Cleansort system offers two advanced sorting Material feeding and preparation options while delivering accurate information on the Metal scrap is conveyed by vibrating feeder to the belt of chemical composition of both ejected and non-ejected

- individual piece and makes a yes/no sorting decision based weigh per piece of 34 grams (0.075 lb)). on whether its chemical composition meets customer specifications.
- **Dynamic Sorting:** Thanks to our proprietary dynamic data computing process, the dynamic sorting feature evaluates the individual composition of multiple pieces at the same time and makes the sorting decision based on the average chemical analysis of those pieces. This can boost material recovery up to 1.5-2 times higher than static sorting.

By combining these two options, the SGM Cleansort LIBS sorter delivers unmatched flexibility and efficiency in scrap

As the scrap moves along the conveyor, high-speed 3D laser





	SGM MODEL	No OF CLEAN2SORT MODULES	ESTIMATED TROUGHPUT (Up to)		
	CLS-R 720 (28")	3	5,5 t/h		
	CLS-R 960 (38")	4	7,0 t/h		
	CLS-R 1200 (48")	5	9,0 t/h		
	CLS-R 1440 (56")	6	11,0 t/h		

Based on average weight per piece of 34 gr (0,075 lb).

## MATERIAL PROCESS

the sorter running at up to 3 m/s.

Capacities on aluminium scrap with a size fraction of 30 to Static Sorting: This traditional method analyses each 120mm | 11/4" - 4" range from 5.5 to 11tph (based on average

## High-speed laser scanning

scanners measure the surface and geometry of each piece and direct the LIBS laser on the X/Y coordinates of the piece and adjusts the auto focus to its Z-axis.

# Laser cleaning and analysis

Once the X/Y/Z coordinates are set, the Cleansort module performs two key functions:

- Laser Pre-Ablation: The system cleans the surface by removing contaminants, coatings, or rust, exposing the underlying material for analysis.
- LIBS Measurement: The laser induces a plasma on the surface of the material. Doing the breakdown spectroscopy of the plasma, material is identified in its exact metal composition, distinguishing not only between metals like steel and copper but also between alloy groups, such as 5000 and 6000 series aluminum, and even between similar alloys like 6010 and 6016.

## Sorting and output

After analysis, the system uses advanced air pulse technology to separate material in different composition streams.

Each LIBS module analyzes an average of 15 pieces per second, resulting in 60 pieces per second for a sorter provided with 4 modules and 90 pieces per second in the case of 6 modules.